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63/1 (SEM-2) CC4/ECOHC2046

2025

**ECONOMICS**

Paper : ECOHC2046



**(Mathematical Methods for Economics – I)**

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.**

1. Choose the correct answer of the following :  
**(any six)** 1×6=6

(a) If  $U = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12\}$  and  $A = \{4, 6, 8\}$ , then the complement of  $A(A^c)$  is

(i)  $\{2, 4, 6\}$

(ii)  $\{2, 4, 8\}$

(iii)  $\{2, 4, 10\}$

(iv)  $\{2, 10, 12\}$

(b) If  $ACB, BCA$  then two sets  $A$  and  $B$  are -

- (i) Proper sub set
- (ii) Equal set
- (iii) Equivalent sets
- (iv) Power set

(c) Every rational number is -

- (i) Real number
- (ii) Integer
- (iii) Whole number
- (iv) Natural number

(d) Which of the following is an irrational number?

- (i)  $\sqrt{16}$
- (ii)  $\sqrt{12/13}$
- (iii)  $\sqrt{12}$
- (iv)  $\sqrt{100}$

(e) The limiting value of the function

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$$

- (i) 2
- (ii) 0
- (iii) 4
- (iv) 1

(f) If  $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}$ , then  $f(x) + f(1/x)$  is equal to

- (i) 1
- (ii)  $2x$
- (iii)  $2/x$
- (iv) 0

(g) If 'c' is any constant, then  $\frac{dc}{dx}$

- (i) c
- (ii) x
- (iii) -c
- (iv) 0

(h) If  $y = e^x$ , then  $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx}$

(i)  $e^{-x}$

(ii)  $e^x$

(iii)  $e$

(iv)  $0$

(i) The value of  $\int dx$  is

(i)  $\log x + c$

(ii)  $1/x + c$

(iii)  $1/2x + c$

(iv)  $x + c$

(j) The MPC of the consumption function

$$C(Y) = 50 + 0.4Y$$

(i) 50

(ii) 0

(iii) 0.4

(iv)  $1/2$

2. Answer the following questions : (**any five**)

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

(a) Define null set with example.

(b) Fill in the blanks

(i) Every set is a \_\_\_\_\_ of itself.

(ii) The \_\_\_\_\_ set is a subset of every set.

(c) Define a rational function with example.

(d) Find the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 3}$

(e) Find the derivative of the function

$$y = f(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}$$

(f) Find the elasticity of demand of the demand function

$$D = 24 - 4P, \text{ when } P = 3$$

where  $D$  and  $P$  represent demand and price.

(g) Find  $\int(3x^2 - 2x + 2)dx$

3. Answer the following questions : **(any six)**  
5×6=30

(a) Define with example : 2+3=5

(i) Singleton set

(ii) Equal sets and Equivalent set

(b) Evaluate the limit function

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - x - 2}$$

(c) Find out the equilibrium price and quantity of the following market model.

$$Q_d = 15 - 2P$$

$$Q_s = -5 + 2P$$

$$Q_s = Q_c$$

(d) Write product rule of differentiation.

If  $y = (x^2 + 10)(x + 1)$ , find the value of

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \quad 2+3=5$$

(e) If  $y = \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$ , find the value of  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

(f) Derive the relationship between MC and AC using the product rule of differentiation.

(g) Find the second order derivative of the functions 2+3=5

(i)  $f(x) = 15x^3 - 6x^2 + 30x + 20$

(ii)  $f(x) = 30 + e^x + x^2$

(h) Integrate the following : 2+3=5

(i)  $\int(2ax + 10\sqrt{x} + e^x)dx$

(ii)  $\int \frac{2x + 3}{x^2 + 3x} dx$

5. Answer the following questions : **(any one)**  
14×1=14

- (a) (i) Define point elasticity of demand.  
If  $TR = PQ$ , where  $P$  and  $Q$  are price and quantity respectively, then show that

$$ed = \frac{AR}{AR - MR}$$

- (ii) The marginal revenue function is given by  $MR = 50 - 4Q$ , find the point elasticity of demand when  $Q = 10$ .

$$2+7+5=14$$

- (b) A monopolist average revenue ( $AR$ ) and total cost ( $TC$ ) functions are given by

$$AR = 16 - 2Q$$

$$TC = 20 + 4Q - Q^2$$

Find

- (i) Profit maximizing output  
(ii) Equilibrium price  
(iii) Point elasticity of demand at equilibrium level of price.

$$8+3+3=14$$

- (c) Define Cobweb market model. Given the demand and supply functions for Cobweb market model.

$$Q_{dt} = 18 - 3P_t$$

$$Q_{st} = -3 + 4P_{t-1}$$

Find intertemporal equilibrium price and also determine whether you will get stable equilibrium. 2+12=14