

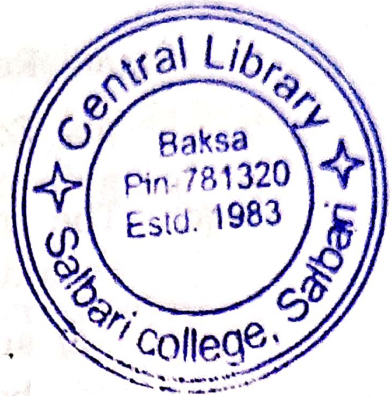
63/1 (SEM-1) CC1/EDNHC1016

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNHC1016



(Introduction to Education)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer : $1 \times 6 = 6$

(a) The word 'education' has been derived from two Latin words. The words are

(i) 'educatum' and 'educare'

(ii) 'E' and 'DUCO'

(iii) 'educere' and 'educreate'

(iv) 'e-cafe' and 'e-learn'

(b) The objectives of education—learning to know, learning to do, learning to live together, learning to be—are identified by the

(i) Delors' Commission, 1996

(ii) National Policy on Education, 1986

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(Turn Over)

- (iii) Radhakrishnan Commission, 1948
(iv) Education Commission, 2020
- (c) The narrow meaning of curriculum includes
- (i) sum total of subject matter offered by institution
 - (ii) all kinds of activities
 - (iii) only specific subjects
 - (iv) games and sports
- (d) Internal discipline comes from
- (i) self-realization
 - (ii) rules and regulations of authority
 - (iii) punishment
 - (iv) order
- (e) The first informal education of a child started
- (i) at school
 - (ii) at home
 - (iii) in society
 - (iv) in a playground
- (f) Which of the following is an agency of non-formal education?
- (i) University
 - (ii) Television
 - (iii) Home
 - (iv) Temple

2. Answer the following questions in very short :

2×5=10

- (a) What is the narrower meaning of education?
- (b) Write two importance of democratic aim of education.
- (c) Mention any two types of cocurricular activities.
- (d) Write two characteristics of formal education.
- (e) Write any two importance of discipline in social life.

3. Write on/Answer any six of the following in brief:

5×6=30

- (a) Scope of education
- (b) Social aim of education and its importance
- (c) Explain the objectives of education—learning to know and learning to live together.
- (d) Role of religious institutions in inculcating value education
- (e) Activity-centred curriculum
- (f) Significance of cocurricular activities
- (g) Importance of pupil-teacher relationship

(h) Five characteristics of non-formal education

(i) "Order is necessary for maintaining discipline in school." Why?

4. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

10×2=20

(a) Write the concept of education. Why is the individual aim of education important in the present-day context? Discuss. 3+7=10

(b) Define curriculum. Mention any three types of curriculum. Write six principles of curriculum construction. 1+3+6=10

(c) What do you mean by non-formal education? Write about the role of universities in giving non-formal education to the needy students. 3+7=10

5. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 14

(a) What do you mean by vocational aim of education? Write four demerits of vocational education. Discuss in detail how the vocational and individual aims of education are interrelated. 4+4+6=14

(b) What do you mean by a school? Write about the responsibilities of school. Discuss your answer how school can play an important role for intellectual development of a child. 3+5+6=14

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63/1 (SEM-2) EDN HC 2046 (CC 4)

2022

EDUCATION

Paper : CC-4

(Issues and Trends in Contemporary
Indian Education)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : 1×6=6

- (a) The main aim of DIET is
- (i) training of teachers
 - (ii) preparation of syllabus
 - (iii) preparation of textbooks
 - (iv) preparation of teaching aids
- (b) Free and compulsory education is laid down by the
- (i) Article 21
 - (ii) Article 21a
 - (iii) Article 45
 - (iv) Article 42

(2)

- (c) SSA envisages a school or alternative schooling facility within _____ of every habitation.
- (i) 2 km
 - (ii) 1 km
 - (iii) 2.5 km
 - (iv) 1.5 km
- (d) Education is on the
- (i) Union list
 - (ii) State list
 - (iii) Concurrent list
 - (iv) None of the above
- (e) The Chairman of NKC (2005) was
- (i) Mr. Sam Pitroda
 - (ii) Dr. D. S. Kothari
 - (iii) Dr. Jayati Ghosh
 - (iv) Dr. Ashok Ganguly
- (f) DPEP was launched in
- (i) 1990
 - (ii) 1992
 - (iii) 1994
 - (iv) 1995

(3)

2. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) Write two objectives of elementary education.
- (b) Mention two functions of NCERT.
- (c) What is vocational education?
- (d) Describe population education.
- (e) Mention two roles of UGC.

3. Write short notes on any six of the following :

$5 \times 6 = 30$

- (a) Lifelong education
- (b) Adult education
- (c) NCERT
- (d) Sarva Shiksha Abhijan
- (e) Family life and sex education
- (f) National Literary Mission
- (g) Grant-in-aid system
- (h) SUPW
- (i) Types of universities

4. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 10×2=20

(a) Elucidate liberal education. Enumerate the components of liberal education. 2+8=10

(b) Describe the functions of SCERT. 10

(c) Elaborate the problems of elementary education in relation to non-involvement and non-retention. 10

5. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 14

(a) What is value-oriented education? Explain the importance of value-oriented education. 4+10=14

(b) Discuss the National Policies of Education on Secondary Education. 14

63/1 (SEM-3) (GE3/DSC)
EDNHG/RC3036

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNHG/RC3036

(Educational Psychology)



Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer : 1×6=6

শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাচি উলিওৱা :

(a) Who is regarded as the father of educational psychology?

শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ পিতৃ হিচাবে কাক আখ্যা দিয়া হয় ?

(i) Wilhelm Wundt

উইলহেম বুণ্ডট

(ii) Pestalozzi

পেষ্টালজী

(iii) Sigmund Freud

চিগমাণ্ড ফ্ৰয়েড

(iv) Ernest Jones

আনেষ্টি জোনচ

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(Turn Over)

(b) Rapid physical development is one of the characteristics of _____ stage.

দ্রুত দৈহিক বিকাশ _____ বৈশিষ্ট্য।

(i) adolescence
কৈশোরকালৰ

(ii) infancy
শৈশৱকালৰ

(iii) childhood
বাল্যকালৰ

(iv) adulthood
প্ৰাপ্তবয়স্ককালৰ

(c) Who has formulated the laws of learning?

শিক্ষণৰ নীতিসমূহ কোনে আৱিষ্কাৰ কৰিছিল?

(i) Thorndike
থৰ্নদাইক

(ii) Skinner
স্কিনাৰ

(iii) Köhler
কোহলাৰ

(iv) Pavlov
পেভলভ

(d) From which language the word 'personality' has been derived?

কোনটো ভাষাৰ পৰা 'personality' (ব্যক্তিত্ব) শব্দটো আহিছে?

(i) Latin
লেটিন

(ii) Greek
গ্ৰীক

(iii) French
ফৰাচী

(iv) German
জাৰ্মান

(e) Who developed the psychoanalysis theory of personality?

ব্যক্তিত্বৰ মনোবিশ্লেষণ পদ্ধতিটো কোনে বিকাশসাধন কৰিছিল?

(i) Allport
আলপোৰ্ট

(ii) Skinner
স্কিনাৰ

(iii) Adler
এডলাৰ

(iv) Freud
ফ্ৰয়েড

(f) Who termed 'interest' as latent attention?

‘আগ্রহ’ক মনোযোগৰ সুপ্ত অৱস্থা বুলি কোনে কৈছিল ?

(i) McDougall

মেকডুগাল

(ii) Jones

জোনচ

(iii) Ross

ৰছ

(iv) Crow and Crow

ক্ৰো এণ্ড ক্ৰো

2. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Write two objectives of educational psychology.

শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ দুটা উদ্দেশ্য লিখা।

(b) What do you mean by infancy period?

শৈশৱকাল বুলিলে কি বুজা ?

(c) Mention two characteristics of memory.

স্মৃতিৰ দুটা বৈশিষ্ট্য উল্লেখ কৰা।

(d) Define learning.

শিক্ষণৰ সংজ্ঞা লিখা।

(e) Mention two theories of personality.

ব্যক্তিত্বৰ দুটা তত্ত্ব উল্লেখ কৰা।

3. Answer any six of the following questions :

$5 \times 6 = 30$

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ যি কোনো ছয়টাৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Write the differences between education and psychology.

শিক্ষা আৰু মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ মাজত পাৰ্থক্য লিখা।

(b) Write the differences between growth and development.

বৃদ্ধি আৰু বিকাশৰ মাজত পাৰ্থক্য লিখা।

(c) Write briefly about the physical development of adolescence stage.

কৈশোৰকালৰ দৈহিক বিকাশৰ বিষয়ে চমুকৈ লিখা।

(d) Write about the affective domains of learning.

শিক্ষণৰ অনুভূতিমূলক দিশৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(e) Write about the trial and error method of learning.

শিক্ষণৰ প্ৰচেষ্টা আৰু ভুল পদ্ধতিৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(6)

(f) Write about the contribution of Gestaltism to education.
শিক্ষাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত সামগ্ৰিকতাবাদৰ অৱদানৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(g) Write about the factors affecting learning.
শিক্ষণত প্ৰভাৱ পেলাওৱা উপাদানসমূহৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(h) Write about the relation between instinct and emotion.
প্ৰবৃত্তি আৰু আবেগৰ মাজত সম্বন্ধ লিখা।

(i) Write about the role of motivation in learning.
শিক্ষণত অভিৰোচনৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে লিখা।

4. Answer any two of the following questions :
10×2=20

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ যি কোনো দুটাৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :
(a) Discuss about the scope of educational psychology.
শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ পৰিসৰৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

(b) What do you mean by forgetting?
Discuss the different causes of forgetting.
বিস্মৃতি বুলিলে কি বুজা? বিস্মৃতিৰ বিভিন্ন কাৰণসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।

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(Continued

(7)

(c) Discuss the role of society as a factor of human development.
ব্যক্তিৰ বিকাশৰ এটা উপাদান হিচাবে সমাজৰ ভূমিকা আলোচনা কৰা।

5. Answer any one of the following questions : 14
তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ যি কোনো এটাৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Explain the psychoanalysis theory of personality.
ব্যক্তিত্বৰ মনোবিজ্ঞান তত্ত্বটো ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

(b) Explain the importance of educational psychology in classroom teaching.
শ্ৰেণীকোঠাৰ শিক্ষণত শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ গুৰুত্ব সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা।

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63/1 (SEM-3) (GE3/DSC)
EDNHG/RC3036

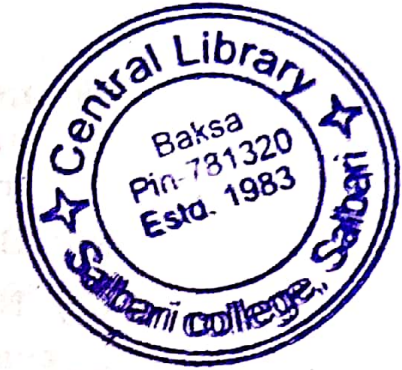
63/1 (SEM-3) CC7/EDNHC3076

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNHC3076



(Educational Guidance and Counselling)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct option from the following :

1×6=6

(a) The main purpose of vocational guidance is to

(i) solve the problems of daily life and adjustment

(ii) relate effectively to others

(iii) choose better career

(iv) build proper relationship

(b) Guidance is an integral part of education, because it

(i) helps each pupil to achieve optimum development

(ii) helps each pupil to understand fully his abilities, potentialities and traits

(iii) Both (i) and (ii)

(iv) None of the above

(c) Who is the chief exponent of non-directive counselling?

(i) Ruth Strang (ii) Myers

(iii) Carl Rogers (iv) Wolberg

(d) Which one of the following is not a tool or technique for collecting information?

(i) Observation

(ii) Questionnaire

(iii) Introspection method

(iv) Psychological tests

(e) Which one of the following is not a common mistake in choosing career?

(i) Choosing an occupation because of its glamour

(ii) Choosing an occupation on the basis of parent's wishes and ambitions

(iii) Choosing an occupation that has limited employment potentials

(iv) Choosing an occupation on the basis of level of intelligence, interest and aptitudes

(f) A vocational guidance is required to

(i) have therapeutic measure

(ii) provide career information

(iii) utilize leisure time profitably

(iv) solve adjustment problems

2. Answer the following questions : 2x5=10

(a) Write two functions of educational guidance.

(b) State two qualities of a good counsellor.

(c) Mention two objectives of vocational guidance.

(d) Write two advantages of directive counselling.

(e) Mention two principles of guidance organizations.

3. Answer any six of the following questions : 5x6=30

(a) Explain the need and importance of counselling.

(b) Enumerate five differences between guidance and counselling.

(c) Explain the different types of guidance.

(d) Write about the techniques of group guidance.

- (e) State five functions of follow-up service.
- (f) Discuss the functions of guidance at secondary stage of education.
- (g) Write about the need and importance of occupational information service.
- (h) Mention the different areas of knowledge needed by a counsellor.
- (i) Explain the relationship between counselling and teaching.

4. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

10×2=20

- (a) What is counselling? Explain the different types of counselling. 5+5=10
- (b) Define guidance. Explain the need and importance of guidance. 3+7=10
- (c) What is individual inventory? Mention the functions of individual inventory services. 3+7=10

5. Answer any *one* of the following questions :

14

- (a) What is meant by vocational guidance? Explain the main principles of vocational guidance. 6+8=14
- (b) Define and explain the term 'Gifted Children'. Discuss the diagnostic and remedial measures for gifted and creative children. 4+10=14

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63/1 (SEM-3) (GE3/DSC)
EDNHG/RC3036

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNHG/RC3036

(Educational Psychology)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer : 1×6=6

শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাচি উলিওৱা :

(a) Who is regarded as the father of educational psychology?

শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ পিতৃ হিচাবে কাক আখ্যা দিয়া হয় ?

(i) Wilhelm Wundt

উইলহেম বুণ্ডট

(ii) Pestalozzi

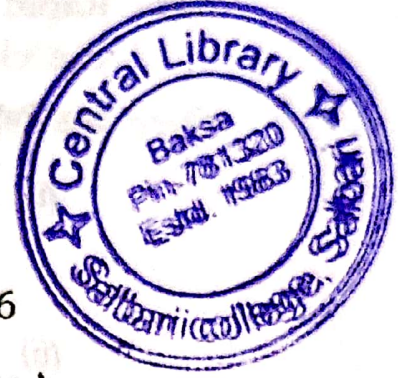
পেষ্টালজী

(iii) Sigmund Freud

চিগমাণ্ড ফ্ৰয়েড

(iv) Ernest Jones

আৰ্নেষ্ট জোনচ



(b) Rapid physical development is one of the characteristics of _____ stage.

দ্রুত দৈহিক বিকাশ _____ বৈশিষ্ট্য।

(i) adolescence

কৈশোৰকালৰ

(ii) infancy

শৈশৱকালৰ

(iii) childhood

বাল্যকালৰ

(iv) adulthood

প্ৰাপ্তবয়স্ককালৰ

(c) Who has formulated the laws of learning?

শিক্ষণৰ নীতিসমূহ কোনে আৱিষ্কাৰ কৰিছিল?

(i) Thorndike

থৰ্নদাইক

(ii) Skinner

স্কিনাৰ

(iii) Köhler

কোহলাৰ

(iv) Pavlov

পেভলভ

(d) From which language the word 'personality' has been derived?

কোনটো ভাষাৰ পৰা 'personality' (ব্যক্তিত্ব) শব্দটো আহিছে ?

(i) Latin
লেটিন

(ii) Greek
গ্ৰীক

(iii) French
ফৰাচী

(iv) German
জাৰ্মান

(e) Who developed the psychoanalysis theory of personality?

ব্যক্তিত্বৰ মনোবিশ্লেষণ পদ্ধতিটো কোনে বিকাশসাধন কৰিছিল ?

(i) Allport
আলপোর্ট

(ii) Skinner
স্কিনাৰ

(iii) Adler
এডলাৰ

(iv) Freud
ফ্ৰয়েড

(4)

(f) Who termed 'interest' as latent attention?
'আগ্রহ'ক মনোযোগৰ সুপ্ত অৱস্থা বুলি কোনে কৈছিল?

(i) McDougall

মেকডুগাল

(ii) Jones

জোনচ

(iii) Ross

ৰছ

(iv) Crow and Crow

ক্ৰো এণ্ড ক্ৰো

2. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$
তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Write two objectives of educational psychology.
শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ দুটা উদ্দেশ্য লিখা।

(b) What do you mean by infancy period?
শৈশৱকাল বুলিলে কি বুজা?

(c) Mention two characteristics of memory.
স্মৃতিৰ দুটা বৈশিষ্ট্য উল্লেখ কৰা।

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(5)

(d) Define learning.

শিক্ষণৰ সংজ্ঞা লিখা।

(e) Mention two theories of personality.

ব্যক্তিত্বৰ দুটা তত্ত্ব উল্লেখ কৰা।

3. Answer any six of the following questions :

$5 \times 6 = 30$

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ যি কোনো ছয়টাৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Write the differences between education and psychology.

শিক্ষা আৰু মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ মাজত পাৰ্থক্য লিখা।

(b) Write the differences between growth and development.

বৃদ্ধি আৰু বিকাশৰ মাজত পাৰ্থক্য লিখা।

(c) Write briefly about the physical development of adolescence stage.

কৈশোৰকালৰ দৈহিক বিকাশৰ বিষয়ে চমুকৈ লিখা।

(d) Write about the affective domains of learning.

শিক্ষণৰ অনুভূতিমূলক দিশৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(e) Write about the trial and error method of learning.

শিক্ষণৰ প্ৰচেষ্টা আৰু ভুল পদ্ধতিৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(Turn Over)

(6)

(f) Write about the contribution of Gestaltism to education.
শিক্ষাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত সামগ্ৰিকতাবাদৰ অৱদানৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(g) Write about the factors affecting learning.
শিক্ষণত প্ৰভাৱ পেলোৱা উপাদানসমূহৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।

(h) Write about the relation between instinct and emotion.
প্ৰবৃত্তি আৰু আবেগৰ মাজত সম্বন্ধ লিখা।

(i) Write about the role of motivation in learning.
শিক্ষণত অভিব্যক্তিৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে লিখা।

4. Answer any two of the following questions : 10×2=20

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ যি কোনো দুটাৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Discuss about the scope of educational psychology.
শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ পৰিসৰৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

(b) What do you mean by forgetting?
Discuss the different causes of forgetting.
বিস্মৃতি বুলিলে কি বুজা? বিস্মৃতিৰ বিভিন্ন কাৰণসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।

KB23/380

(Continued

(7)

(c) Discuss the role of society as a factor of human development.
ব্যক্তিৰ বিকাশৰ এটা উপাদান হিচাবে সমাজৰ ভূমিকা আলোচনা কৰা।

5. Answer any one of the following questions : 14

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ যি কোনো এটাৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Explain the psychoanalysis theory of personality.
ব্যক্তিত্বৰ মনোবিজ্ঞান তত্ত্বটো ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

(b) Explain the importance of educational psychology in classroom teaching.
শ্ৰেণীকোঠাৰ শিক্ষণত শিক্ষা মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ গুৰুত্ব সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা।

KB23—11800/380

63/1 (SEM-3) (GE3/DSC)
EDNHG/RC3036

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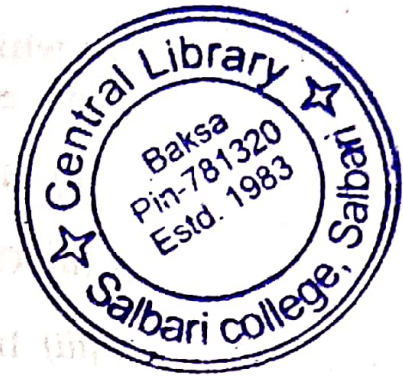
63/1 (SEM-3) CC6/EDNHC3066

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNHC3066



(Educational Measurement and
Educational Statistics)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct option from the following :

1×6=6

(a) "Measurement is the description of data
in terms of number." Who said this?

(i) Bradfield

(ii) Stevens

(iii) Guildford

(iv) Campbell

KB23/437

(Turn Over)

(2)

(b) In which scale of measurement absolute zero exists?

(i) Nominal scale

(ii) Ordinal scale

(iii) Interval scale

(iv) Ratio scale

(c) Value judgement is related with

(i) measurement

(ii) evaluation

(iii) standardized test

(iv) item analysis

(d) "Statistics is the science of estimates and probabilities." Who said this?

(i) Seligman

(ii) Croxton and Cowden

(iii) Boddington

(iv) Hagen

KB23/437

(Continued

(3)

(e) Who introduced the concept of standard deviation in 1893?

(i) Karl Pearson

(ii) Charles Edward Spearman

(iii) Moivre

(iv) J. P. Guildford

(f) "An average is a central value of a group of observation or individuals." Who said this?

(i) J. P. Guildford

(ii) Clark

(iii) Thorndike

(iv) Bradfield

2. Answer the following in very short : $2 \times 5 = 10$

(a) Write two differences between physical measurement and psychological measurement.

(b) What is a psychological test?

(c) Mention any two types of intelligence test.

KB23/437

(Turn Over)

(4)

(d) Find out mean from the following scores :

7, 10, 8, 12, 9, 11, 7

(e) Mention two uses of range.

3. Answer any six of the following questions : $5 \times 6 = 30$

(a) Enumerate the functions of measurement.

(b) Write a note on cumulative record card.

(c) Explain the types of aptitude test.

(d) Write a note on projective method.

(e) Discuss on attitude scale and interest inventory.

(f) What do you mean by a polygon? Describe the drawing procedure of a polygon graph.

(g) What is correlation? What are its types? Explain briefly.

KB23/437

(Continued)

(5)

(h) Draw a cumulative frequency percentage curve from the following distribution :

Class-interval	Frequency
55-59	5
50-54	9
45-49	17
40-44	10
35-39	14
30-34	18
25-29	10
20-24	7
	<hr/>
	$N = 90$

(i) Find out standard deviation from the following ungrouped scores :

14, 22, 9, 15, 20, 17, 12, 11

4. Answer any two of the following questions :

$10 \times 2 = 20$

(a) What is reliability? Describe any one method of computing reliability of tests. Mention the merits and demerits of the method.

$2 + 4 + 4 = 10$

KB23/437

(Continued)

(b) Define evaluation. How is measurement and evaluation related to one another? Explain. 2+8=10

(c) Explain the concept of skewed distribution and kurtosis.

5. Answer any one of the following questions : 14

(a) Discuss the general principles of test construction and standardization.

(b) What is quartile deviation? Write two advantages of measures of variability. Find out quartile deviation from the following table : 3+2+9=14

Class-interval	Frequency
90-99	4
80-89	7
70-79	9
60-69	12
50-59	4
40-49	10
30-39	9
20-29	5
	<hr/>
	N = 60

63/1 (SEM-5) GE1/EDNRG5016

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNRG5016

(Introduction to Education)

(Theory)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer either in English or in Assamese

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : 1×6=6

তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাচি উলিওৱা :

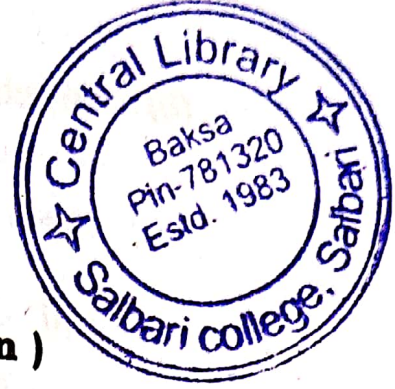
(a) "Education is the creation of a sound mind in a sound body." Who said this?

“সুস্থ দেহত সুস্থ মনৰ সৃষ্টি কৰিব পৰাটোৱেই শিক্ষা।”
কাৰ উক্তি ?

- (i) Rabindranath Tagore
ৰবীন্দ্ৰনাথ ঠাকুৰ
- (ii) John Dewey
জন ডিউই
- (iii) Aristotle
এৰিষ্ট’টল
- (iv) Mahatma Gandhi
মহাত্মা গান্ধী

KB23/148

(Turn Over)



(b) Bipolar process of education was advocated by

শিক্ষাৰ দ্বিপাৰ্বিক মতবাদৰ প্ৰবক্তা হ'ল

(i) John Dewey

জন ডিউই

(ii) Mahatma Gandhi

মহাত্মা গান্ধী

(iii) John Adams

জন আডাম্‌চ

(iv) Swami Vivekananda

স্বামী বিবেকানন্দ

(c) Supporter of social aim of education is

শিক্ষাৰ সামাজিক লক্ষ্যৰ সমৰ্থক হ'ল

(i) Percy Nunn

পাৰ্চী নান

(ii) John Adams

জন আডাম্‌চ

(iii) John Dewey

জন ডিউই

(iv) Mahatma Gandhi

মহাত্মা গান্ধী

(d) The word 'Discipline' is derived from 'Discipline' শব্দৰ উৎপত্তি হৈছে

(i) Latin

লেটিন

(ii) Greek

গ্ৰীক

(iii) French

ফ্ৰেঞ্চ

(iv) Sanskrit

সংস্কৃত

(e) Meaning of the word 'Skhole' is 'Skhole' শব্দৰ অৰ্থ হ'ল

(i) school

বিদ্যালয়

(ii) leisure

অবসৰ

(iii) democratic

গণতান্ত্ৰিক

(iv) None of the above

ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

(4)

(f) Which of the following agencies regulates education?
তলৰ কোনটো সংস্থাই শিক্ষা নিয়ন্ত্ৰণ কৰে?

(i) Church

গীৰ্জা

(ii) State

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ

(iii) School

বিদ্যালয়

(iv) Library

পুথি ভঁৰাল

2. Answer the following questions : 2×5=10

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) What is education?

শিক্ষা কি?

(b) Write two characteristics of school.

বিদ্যালয়ৰ দুটা বৈশিষ্ট্য লিখা।

(c) Define free discipline.

মুক্ত অনুশাসনৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া।

(d) Mention the components of education.

শিক্ষাৰ উপাদানসমূহ উল্লেখ কৰা।

KB23/148

(Continued)

(5)

(e) Write two merits of distance education.

দূৰত্ব শিক্ষাৰ দুটা সুবিধা লিখা।

3. Write short notes on (any six) : 5×6=30

চমু টোকা লিখা (যি কোনো ছয়টা) :

(a) Family as an agency of informal education

অনানুষ্ঠানিক শিক্ষাৰ মাধ্যম পৰিয়াল

(b) Scope of education

শিক্ষাৰ পৰিসৰ

(c) Professional qualities of a teacher

শিক্ষকৰ ব্যৱহাৰিক গুণাবলী

(d) Need and importance of cocurricular activities in education

শিক্ষাত সহঃপাঠ্যক্রমিক কাৰ্যাবলীৰ গুৰুত্ব আৰু প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা

(e) Objectives of education

শিক্ষাৰ উদ্দেশ্যসমূহ

(f) School is a miniature society

বিদ্যালয় সমাজৰ এক ক্ষুদ্ৰ সংস্কৰণ

(g) Open university

মুক্ত বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

KB23/148

(Turn Over)

(h) Importance of discipline in social life

সামাজিক জীৱনত অনুশাসনৰ গুৰুত্ব

(i) Role of punishment and reward in education

শিক্ষাত শাস্তি আৰু পুৰস্কাৰৰ ভূমিকা

4. Answer any two from the following questions : $10 \times 2 = 20$

তলৰ যি কোনো দুটা প্ৰশ্নৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) What is the relationship between education and society? What are the functions of education towards society?

Discuss. $3+7=10$

শিক্ষা আৰু সমাজৰ মাজৰ সম্পৰ্ক কেনেধৰণৰ? সমাজৰ প্ৰতি শিক্ষাৰ কেনেধৰণৰ কাৰ্যাবলী আছে? আলোচনা কৰা।

(b) Discuss about the importance of vocational education. 10

বৃত্তিমূলক শিক্ষাৰ গুৰুত্ব সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা।

(c) Define curriculum. How does a subject-centered curriculum differ from an activity-centred curriculum? Discuss.

$2+8=10$

পাঠ্যক্ৰমৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। বিষয়-কেন্দ্ৰিক পাঠ্যক্ৰমক কেনেকৈ কাৰ্য-কেন্দ্ৰিক পাঠ্যক্ৰমৰ পৰা পৃথক কৰিব পাৰিব? আলোচনা কৰা।

5. What do you mean by social and individual aims of education? Write the difference between individual and social aims of education. How these two aims are complementary to each other? Explain.

$4+6+4=14$

শিক্ষাৰ সামাজিক আৰু ব্যক্তিকেন্দ্ৰিক লক্ষ্য বুলিলে কি বুজা? শিক্ষাৰ ব্যক্তিকেন্দ্ৰিক আৰু সামাজিক লক্ষ্যৰ পাৰ্থক্য কি, বুজাই লিখা। এই দুয়োটা লক্ষ্য এটা আনটোৰ পৰিপূৰক কেনেকৈ, ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

Or / অথবা

What is correspondence course? Write the significance of it. What should be the role and responsibilities of a State towards education? Discuss.

$4+2+8=14$

যোগাযোগ পাঠ্যক্ৰম কি? ইয়াৰ তাৎপৰ্য আলোচনা কৰা। শিক্ষাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত ৰাষ্ট্ৰৰ কাৰ্য আৰু ভূমিকা কেনে হোৱা উচিত? আলোচনা কৰা।

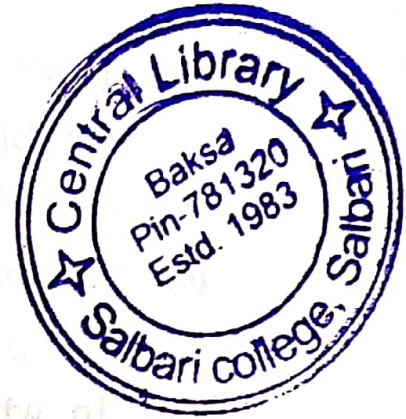
63/1 (SEM-5) DSE2/EDNHE5026

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNHE5026



(Continuing Education and Distance Education)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answers from the following : 1×6=6

(a) The method of teaching which was recognized by UNESCO is synthetic method/analytic method/synthetic-analytic method.

(b) Farmer's functional literacy programme was formulated in 1967/1975/1978.

(c) National Fundamental Education Centre was established in which Five-Year plan?

(Second Five-Year plan/fifth Five-Year plan/seventh Five-Year plan)

KB23/146

(Turn Over)

(2)

(d) The first open university was established in Andhra Pradesh/Delhi/Rajasthan.

(e) In which year 'Akashvani' was formed?
(1959/1971/1952/1947)

(f) In which year the National Council of Teacher Education was formed?
(1986/1993/1999)

2. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

(a) Mention two important functions of continuing education.

(b) Write two methods of adult education.

(c) Write two characteristics of total literacy campaign.

(d) Write two characteristics of open education.

(e) Write any two differences of open education and distance education.

3. Answer any six of the following questions :
 $5 \times 6 = 30$

(a) Discuss the nature of social education.

(b) Explain the role of mass media in continuing education.

KB23/146

(Continued)

(3)

(c) Write the recommendations of Kothari Commission on adult education.

(d) Discuss the importance of distance education in India.

(e) Discuss the problems of adult education in post-Independent India.

(f) Explain the role of television in distance education system.

(g) Explain the development of information and communication technology (ICT).

(h) What type of curriculum should be introduced in rural development and women empowerment?

(i) How can distance education help in rural development? Discuss.

4. Answer any two of the following questions :
 $10 \times 2 = 20$

(a) Discuss the problems of continuing education in India and give suggestions.
 $5 + 5 = 10$

(b) Discuss the role of Indira Gandhi National Open University in distance education system.

(c) Describe the teaching-learning components of distance education.

KB23/146

(Turn Over)

5. Answer any one of the following questions : 14

(a) Write the four functions of mass media.
Discuss the goal of equality of opportunity in distance education. 4+10=14

(b) Write four types of adult education programme in India. Describe the nature of extension education. 4+10=14

63/1 (SEM-5) SEC3/EDNSE5032

2022

(Held in 2023)

EDUCATION

Paper : EDNSE5032

(Life Skill Education)

(Theory)

Full Marks : 50

Pass Marks : 20

Time : 2 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : 1×5=5

তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ নিৰ্দেশানুযায়ী উত্তৰ দিয়া :

(a) Which of the following is language skill?

তলৰ কোনটো ভাষা কৌশল ?

(i) Writing

লিখনি

(ii) Music

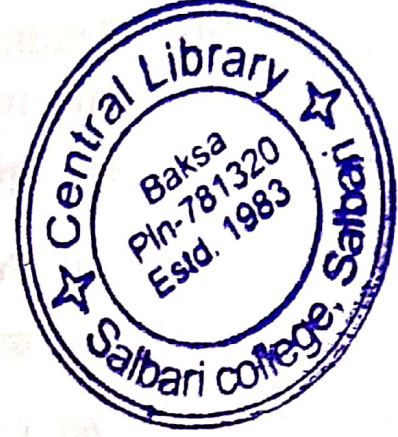
সংগীত

(iii) Tailoring

টেইলৰিং

(iv) Self-awareness

আত্ম-সচেতনতা



(b) Reading, writing and doing arithmetic fall under which skill?

পঢ়া, লিখা আৰু অংক কৰা কোনটো কৌশলত পৰে?

(i) Functional skill

কাৰ্যকৰী কৌশল

(ii) Cultural skill

সাংস্কৃতিক কৌশল

(iii) Literacy skill

সাক্ষৰতা কৌশল

(iv) Numeracy skill

সংখ্যাবিজ্ঞানৰ কৌশল

(c) "Life skill education is an important vehicle to equip young people to negotiate and mediate challenges and risks in their lives, and to enable productive participation in society." Who said this?

“জীৱন কৌশল শিক্ষা হৈছে সজ্জিত যুৱক-যুৱতীসকলক তেওঁলোকৰ জীৱনৰ প্ৰত্যাহ্বান আৰু বিপদৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা আৰু ধ্যান কৰিবলৈ আৰু সমাজত উৎপাদনশীল অংশগ্ৰহণ-সক্ষম কৰিবলৈ এক গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ বাহন।” কথাষাৰ কোনে কৈছিল?

(i) WHO

ডব্লিউ. এইচ. ও.

(ii) NCERT

এন. চি. ই. আৰ. টি.

(iii) UNICEF

ইউ. এন. আই. চি. ই. এফ.

(iv) DIET

ডি. আই. ই. টি.

(d) The ability to introspect, analyze and accept one's thoughts, actions and feelings, recognizing and acknowledging one's need and desire is

আন্তঃনিৰীক্ষণ, বিশ্লেষণ আৰু এজনৰ চিন্তা, কৰ্ম আৰু অনুভৱ, প্ৰয়োজন আৰু আগ্ৰহক চিনাক্তকৰণ আৰু স্বীকাৰৰ সামৰ্থ্যই হৈছে

(i) self-awareness

আত্ম-সচেতনতা

(ii) empathy

সহমৰ্মিতা

(iii) creative thinking

সৃজনশীল চিন্তন

(iv) recreational skill

মনোৰঞ্জনমূলক কৌশল

(e) Which technique is not used for professional practice?

কোনটো কৌশল পেছাদাৰী অনুশীলনৰ বাবে ব্যৱহাৰ কৰা কৌশল নহয়?

(i) Brainstorming

মগজুৰ ধুমুহা

(ii) Discussion

আলোচনা

(iii) Visual aids

দৃশ্যমান সঁজুলি

(iv) Empathy

সহমৰ্মিতা

2. Answer the following questions : 2×5=10

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Write any two importance of life skill education.

জীৱন কৌশল শিক্ষাৰ যি কোনো দুটা গুৰুত্ব লিখা।

(b) What is self-awareness skill?

আত্ম-সচেতনতা কৌশল কি?

(c) Write any two vocational skills.

যি কোনো দুটা বৃত্তিগত কৌশল লিখা।

(d) What is effective communication?

ফলপ্ৰসূ যোগাযোগ বুলিলে কি বুজা?

(e) Mention two creative skills.

দুটা সৃজনশীল কৌশল উল্লেখ কৰা।

3. Answer the following questions (any five) :

5×5=25

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা (যি কোনো পাঁচটা) :

(a) Explain the need of life skill education.

জীৱন কৌশল শিক্ষাৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

(b) What are the methods of life skill education imparted in schools?

বিদ্যালয়ত প্ৰদান কৰা জীৱন কৌশল শিক্ষাৰ পদ্ধতি কি কি?

(c) Write briefly about the development of life skill education.

জীৱন কৌশল শিক্ষাৰ বিকাশৰ বিষয়ে চমুকৈ লিখা।

(6)

- (d) Discuss about interpersonal relationship skill.

আন্তঃব্যক্তিগত সম্পর্ক কৌশলৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

- (e) Explain the importance of recreation skill.

বিনোদন কৌশলৰ গুৰুত্ব ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

- (f) Describe the concept of functional skill.

কাৰ্যকৰী কৌশলৰ ধাৰণাটো বৰ্ণনা কৰা।

- (g) Explain the importance of effective communication.

কাৰ্যক্ষম যোগাযোগৰ গুৰুত্ব ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

4. Answer any one of the following questions : 10

তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ যি কোনো এটা প্ৰশ্নৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

- (a) What is verbal communication? Discuss the importance of a communication skill.

2+8=10

মৌখিক যোগাযোগ কি? যোগাযোগ কৌশল এটাৰ গুৰুত্বৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

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(Continued)

(7)

- (b) Write briefly about the role of a teacher in imparting life skill education. 10

জীৱন কৌশল শিক্ষা প্ৰদান কৰাত শিক্ষক এজনৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে চমুকৈ লিখা।

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